NAACCR

MANAGING CHANGE WITH TRACKING TOOLS

2017-2018 NAACCR WEBINAR SERIES

Q&A

- Please submit all questions concerning webinar content through the Q&A panel.
- Reminder:
- If you have participants watching this webinar at your site, please collect their names and emails.
- We will be distributing a Q&A document in about one week. This
 document will fully answer questions asked during the webinar and will
 contain any corrections that we may discover after the webinar.

NAACCR

FABULOUS PRIZES









AGENDA

- Learning New Things or How To Get Through 2018
 - Jocelyn Hoopes, MLIS, CTR, TTS
- Managing Change with Tracking Tools
 - Sara Morel, CTR

NAACCR

LEARNING NEW THINGS

OR HOW TO GET THROUGH 2018

Jocelyn Hoopes jhoopes2@wellspan.org



CASE STUDY



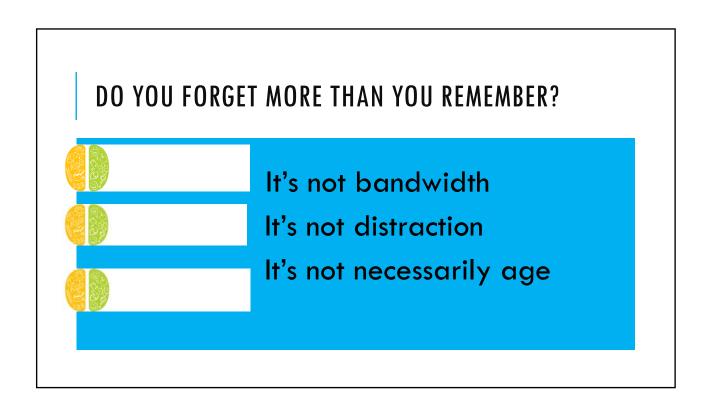
Tricia Lucas is a conscientious CTR. She began abstracting during the era of Collaborative Stage. She always heard the more experienced CTRs talk about how hard it was, "when CS was introduced." She listened and was so glad that she didn't have to through that learning curve!

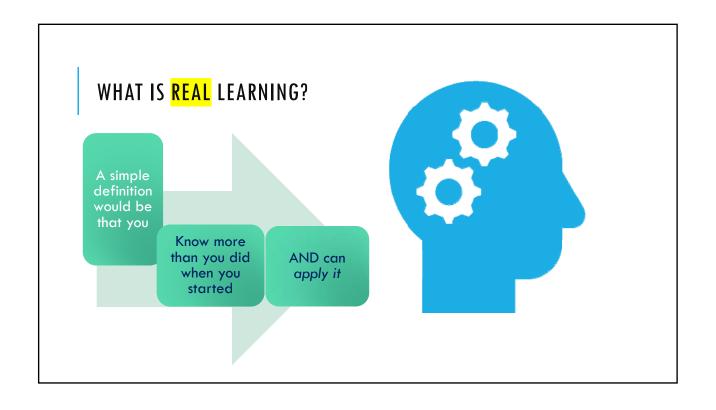
Fast forward to 2018...

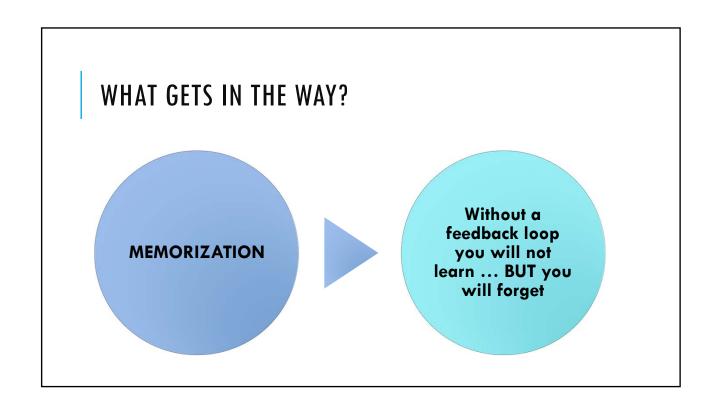
First, Tricia heard about the changes coming in 2018. Then she <u>SAW</u> the changes for 2018. Because she's never had to cope with so many abstracting changes before she is very nervous. In preparation, she listened to all of the amazing NAACCR webinars, but the information seems to go in one side of her abstracting brain and out the other. She attended a regional meeting and didn't feel any more confident. Instead she felt more confused, especially since she saw the more experienced abstractors looking confused.

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What advice can you give her based on this webinar? What advice can you give her from your experience?

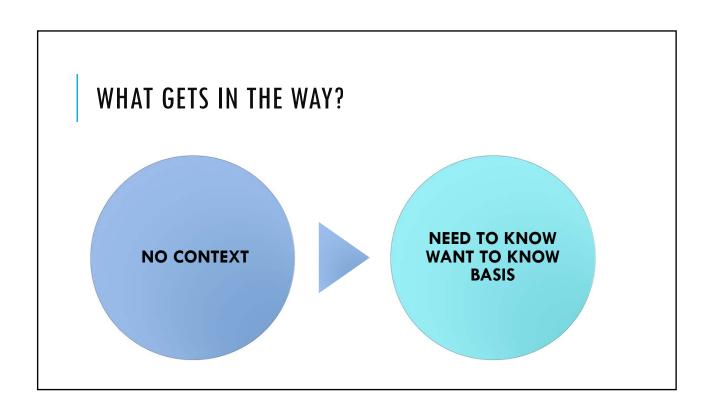


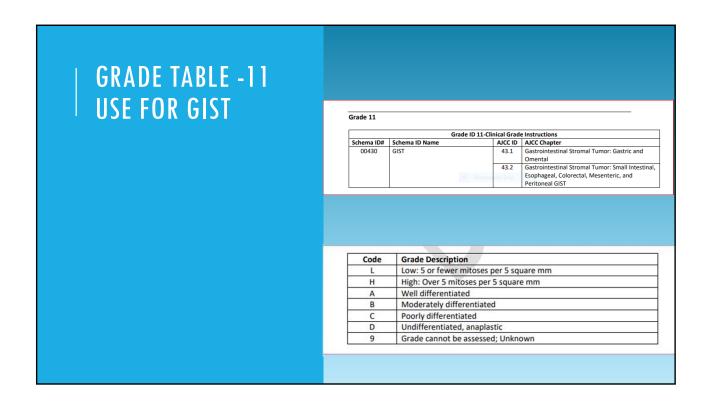


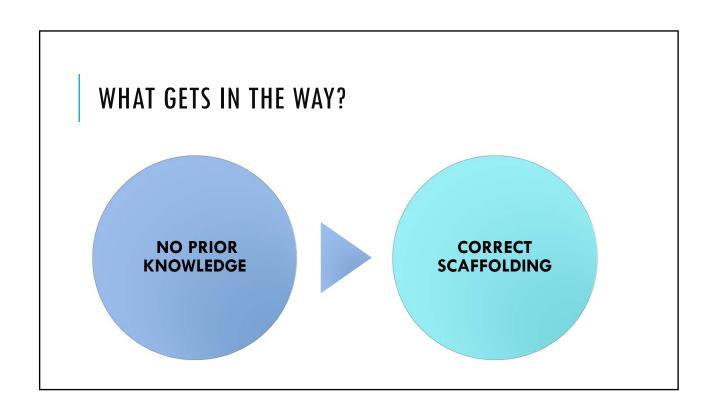


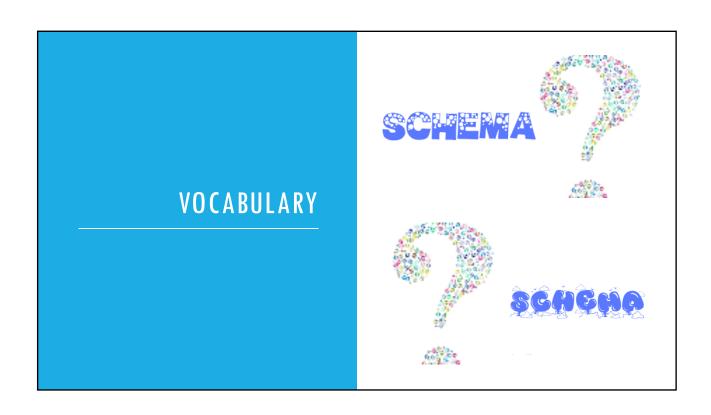
ICD-0 2018

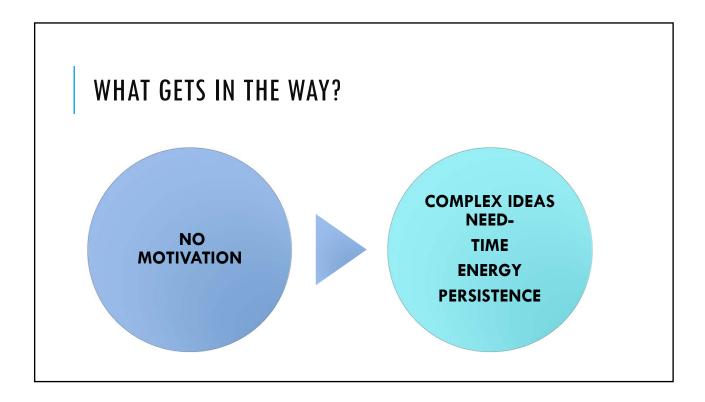
					2018 ICD-O-3 New Codes, Behaviors, and Terms-Updated 4/20/18		
Status	٧	Histology *	В∈ ▼	Preferred ▼	label	v	Reportabl 🔻
New term		8010	3	FALSE	Urachal carcinoma (C65.9, C66.9, C67, C68)		Υ
New term		8013	3	FALSE	Combined large cell neuroendocrine carcinoma (C34 C37.9)	-	Υ
New term & code		8023	3	FALSE	Midline carcinoma of children and young adults with NUT rearrangement (C30.0, C31.9, C34)		Υ
New term & code		8023	3	TRUE	NUT carcinoma (C30.0, C31.9, C34)		Υ
New term & code		8023	3	FALSE	NUT midline carcinoma (C30.0, C31.9, C34)		Y
New term		8041	3	FALSE	High-grade neuroendocrine carcinoma (C54 C55.9)		Y
New term		8041	3	FALSE	Neuroendocrine carcinoma, poorly differentiated (C50)		Y
New term		8041	3	FALSE	Small cell carcinoma pulmonary type (C56.9)		Υ
New term		8044	3	FALSE	Small cell carcinoma. hypercalcemic type (C56.9)		Υ











DAILY PRODUCTIVITY VS. LEARNING

Stress response makes learning difficult, as the stimulated senses are not those associated with deep learning. Think about it this way:



Would you be able to LEARN how to use a new table when you were being chased by a bear?

SOME MYTHS ABOUT LEARNING



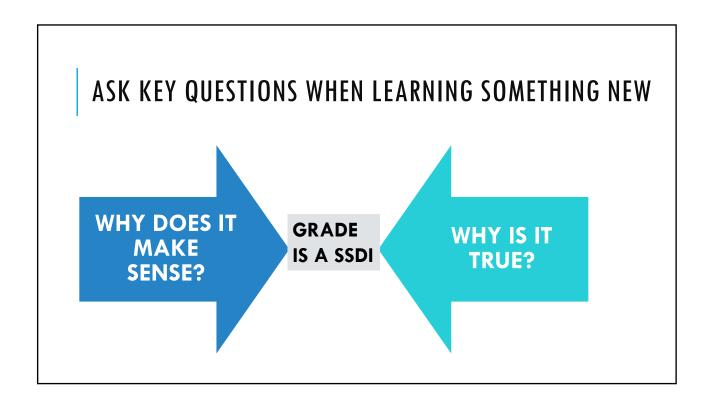




WHAT MAKES LEARNING EASIER?

MEDIATING STRESS LESSENS THE AFFECTIVE FILTER THAT GETS IN THE WAY OF LEARNING AND STORING INFORMATION

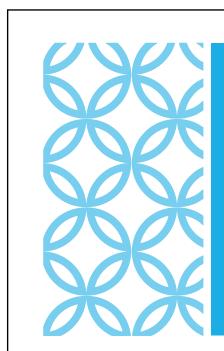








Finding The Information You Stored in Your Head Is The Most Effective Learning Strategy



TRACKING HELPS LEARNING TOO

Definition of Learning analytics

involves the integration and analysis of data from multiple sources to inform action

AACCR IIII V 12 2018

MACCK JULI 12, 2010

MAKING SENSE OUT OF CHAOS data chaos

WHAT CAN SPREADSHEETS HELP YOU LEARN?

REDUCE Uncertainty
UNDERSTAND Probability
CREATE Models
OPTIMIZE Function



"Bringing to mind what we've previously studied leads to deeper and longer-lasting acquisition of that information than more time spent passively re-studying."



Mentor One Another

Teach Your Team

Call Your CTR-BFF

WHY IT WORKS? THE PROTÉGÉ EFFECT

TEST YOURSELF

Self-Testing beats out methods such as rereading and reviewing notes when it comes to making sure your learning sticks



This is Where Your Notes Can Help- Ask Yourself Questions After You've Abstracted A Case

RECALLING INFORMATION THAT YOU'VE LEARNED--WHAT'S THE BEST APPROACH TO 2018?

01

Try to Recall the Concepts That Are Hard for You to Understand. 02

Quiz Yourself On Them.

03

Teach Them To Someone.

CONNECT THE DOTS & THEN JUMBLE IT UP



FINALLY REPEAT FOR SUCCESS

The Loop





CONGRATULATE YOURSELF ON UNDERSTANDING THE BIG PICTURE OF 2018

LEARNING THE CHANGES

BEING ABLE TO APPLY THEM

CASE STUDY



Tricia Lucas is a conscientious CTR. She began abstracting during the era of Collaborative Stage. She always heard the more experienced CTRs talk about how hard it was, "when CS was introduced." She listened and was so glad that she didn't have to through *that* learning curve!

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What advice can you give her based on this webinar? What advice can you give her from your experience?

TRICKS OF THE TRADE 2018

The goal is to be able to apply what you see and hear

So don't memorize Put things in context

Build on prior learning

Self-test

Use the feedback loop

Find a protégé

Teach it

Create tracking tools

Managing Change with Tracking Tools OS Presented by Sara Morel, CTR

Objectives

03

Starting with managing change and moving into data tracking is required for 2018 and this presentation will:

- Q Develop skills to learn how to track cancer registry data with formatted templates
- Gathering data for each Commission on Cancer standard with ensuring all items required are documented
- $\ \ \,$ Presenting data gathered and tracked to the cancer committee and administration
- $\ \ \,$ Use of cancer data outcomes to make quality improvements in your cancer program
- Gain overview of change management concepts

Topics to be covered Cancer conference tracking and required documentation Cancer committee standards and cancer committee minutes tracking Abstracting tips Case finding tools & EPIC-Electronic medical record reports



BREAST CANCER CONFERENCE AGENDA EXAMPLE:

Date & time of cancer conference

Location: Radiologist:

Pathologist:

Total Number of cases being presented:

Imaging and pathology: Unless otherwise noted below all Imaging and pathology performed at our facility Tumor Registry items: Treatment guidelines: NCCN (unless otherwise stated for all cases below).

Prognostic indicators discussed & case status: Prospective (unless otherwise stated)

Patient name:

DOB, age & sex:

MRN:

BMI:

Presenting & other physicians:

Diagnosis, grade, ER/PR, HER2, KI67:

Stage:

Imaging:

Pathology:

Surgery type and date:

Genetics eligible or clinical trials eligible: Chief complaint & prior mammogram:

Past medical and surgical history & signs and symptoms: Smoking and alcohol history:

Family history of cancer: Menopause status:

TUMOR REGISTRY USE: Treatment plan:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

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RECTAL CANCER CONFERENCE AGENDA EXAMPLE:

Pre Op Information: (1st time presented)

Case #1

Patient name DOB, age & sex: Site: RECTUM

MRN:

Clinical diagnosis:

Presenting physician/navigator:

Other physicians: Pathology date and facility:

Question for the pathologist:

Clinical AJCC stage:

CT Chest, abdomen and pelvis dates & facility:

PET scan dates & facility: MRI Scan dates & facility:

Reason for review:

Colonoscopy outcomes:

Pre-treatment CEA & pre-treatment MSI:

Additional Information:

Date of individualized treatment plan created:

Referrals to radiation oncology when indicated:

Referrals to medical oncology when indicated:

Prognostic indicators discussed:

Genetics eligible:

Clinical trials eligible:

TUMOR REGISTRY USE: Treatment Plan:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

RECTAL CANCER CONFERENCE AGENDA EXAMPLE: Post Op information: (2nd time presented) Patient name DOB, age & sex: Site: RECTUM MRN: Imaging: None requested unless otherwise specified Final pathological diagnosis & final pathological AJCC Stage: Prior date presented at cancer conference: Prior date presented at cancer conference Physician presenting case: Neo-Adj treatment before surgery: Neo-Adj treatment date of completion: Date of surgery and type of surgery: Approach of surgery: Presence of absence of stoma: Post-op complications: Unexpected findings: Specimen photographs: Tumor location: Indication of sphincter involvement: CRM margin status & distal margin status: Tumor regression grade: Mesoretal grade: Recommendation for adjuvant treatment: Referral to medical oncology & referral to radiation oncology: Referral to palliative care when indicated: Referral to nutrition when indicated: Referral to physical therapy when indicated: Referral to ostomy care when indicated: Genetics eligible or clinical trials eligible: TUMOR REGISTRY USE: Treatment Plan: Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards 39

	2018 A			NCER CONFERENCE REPORT				
		Confe	erences thre	ough: 12/31/18				
TOTAL CANCER CONFERENCES				PRESENTED CANCER SITES	# Discussed			
	GENERAL	BREAST	TOTAL	SITE	GENERAL	BREAST		
January				Anus				
February				Adrenal/Appendix				
March				Bladder				
April				Brain				
May				Breast				
June				Cervix				
July				Colon				
August				Head and Neck/Esophagus				
September				GIST				
October				Kidney/Renal				
November				Liver				
December				Lung				
TOTAL				Lymphoma				
				Ovary				
CASE MIX	GENERAL	BREAST	TOTAL	Pancreas				
Prospective				Pluera				
Retrospective				Prostate				
Total				Rectum				
% Prospective				Retroperitoneal	1			
701 Tospective				Small Bowel				
CLINICAL STAGING	GENERAL	BREAST	TOTAL	Spine				
Eligible for staging	GENERAL	DICEASI	TOTAL	Stomach	1			
Stage discussed				Testicle				
% Elig cases discussed				Thigh				
% Liig cases uiscusseu	-			Thyroid	1			
TREATMENT GUIDELINES	GENERAL	BREAST	TOTAL	Unknown Primary				
Elig for guidelines	GEIVERAL	DREASI	IUIAL	Ureter				
Guidelines discussed	_			Uterus or Vagina				
			-	Oterus or Vagina				
% guidelines discussed				TOTAL	0	0		
					U	U		
CLINICAL TRIALS	GENERAL	BREAST	TOTAL	Total 2018 susp + incomplete + complete				
				% Discussed				
GENETIC TESTING	GENERAL	BREAST	TOTAL	Must be at least 15%				
				PHYSICIAN ATTENDANCE	GENERAL	BREAST		
				Active Staff				
PROGNOSTIC FACTORS DISCUSS	ED			Average per conf				
ON ALL PATIENTS PRESENTED								
SPECIALITY ATTENDANCE	(Must be a							
	Total	GENERAL	BREAST	GENERAL		BREAST		
Medical Oncology								
Radiation Oncology								
Diagnostic Radiolog	y							
Surgery								
Pathology								

Date Medical Oncology Radiation Oncology Diagnostic Radiology Surgery Pathology Other Physicians PA/NP
Radiation Oncology Diagnostic Radiology Surgery Pathology Other Physicians
Diagnostic Radiology Surgery Pathology Other Physicians
Diagnostic Radiology Surgery Pathology Other Physicians
Pathology Other Physicians
Other Physicians
PA/NP
Ancillary Staff
Total Physicians
Total Cases Reportable

Cancer Conference Required Documentation Network cancer conference frequency and format: Multidisciplinary physician attendance: Attendance physician rate per each cancer conference: Discussion of stage, prognostic indicators and treatment planning using evidence based guidelines: Applies to all cases Options for clinical trials and genetics testing: applies to applicable cases NCCN Guidelines are available at every cancer conference Other topics discussed if applicable: palliative care and psychosocial services. Methods in place to address any areas that fall below the established policy: Number of analytical cases presented at cancer conference (15% required): Total prospective cases presented at cancer conference: Percentage of prospective cases presented at cancer conference (80% required): Video conferencing: Five major cancer sites for each facility:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

Cancer Program Standards Tracking Standards to be covered Standard 1.5, Standard 1.6, Standard 1.9 & Standard 1.10 Shapter 2: Standard 2.2 Shapter 3: Standard 3., Standard 3.2, Standard 3.3 Shapter 4: Standard 4.1 & 4.2, Standard 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, Standard 4.6 & Standard 4.7 Chapter 5: Standard 5.2

Standard 1.5: Annual Cancer Program Goals Review $\textbf{Clinical Goals:} \ These \ goals \ involve \ the \ diagnosis, \ treatment, \ services, \ and \ care \ of \ cancer \ patients.$ Programmatic Goals: These goals are directed toward the scope, coordination, practices, and processes of cancer care for cancer patients. Example Goal #1: OS S: Specific Goal OS M: Measureable Attainable O3 A: Relevant O3 R: Time OB Date goal set: O Date of 1st evaluation: OB Date of 2nd evaluation: Status of goal: Outcome of goal: 44 Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

Standard 1.6: Cancer Registry Quality Control Reporting



- Overview: This a random sampling of all cancer sites will be included in this review. Any errors will be discussed with the network coordinator and the physicians who are also doing the QA reviews and then report to the cancer committee.
- Items required to be reviewed: This will be either be done by a CTR or a QA physician and these are the items: case-finding method, abstracting timeliness, accuracy of data abstracted (class of case, primary site, histology, collaborative staging items, AICC staging, first course treatment, follow up information), recurrence information. All unknown primary site cases are also reviewed by a physician.
- Quality Control: For our facility this is done by a CTR on any items that are coded to a 9 or unknown in the abstracts. These are sent back to each abstractor to be reviewed and updated if possible. We run monthly unknown and over use reports.
- Required amount to be reviewed: A minimum of 10% of analytical cases is required to be reviewed for a maximum of 300 annually to meet this standard.
- Occumentation: The tumor registry department keeps all reviewed documentation, review criteria, cases reviewed and identified errors. Any QA checked abstracts are noted in a data field in the registry so a report can be ran at any time to see how many are completed and our overall percentage.
- Rhysicians who will be reviewing cases:
- ▼ Total cases eligible for review, total cases reviewed and overall percentage:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

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Standard 1.9: Clinical Research and Trials Tracking



- ≪ Know your required accrual percentage.
 - Example: Integrated network cancer program is required to enroll: 6% to meet this standard and 8% for commendation
- Example/Option: Breast lymphedema IRB patient registry:
- Example/Option: Low dose lung CT patient registry:
- Numerator: Your facilities total enrolled/registered:
- Denominator: Total number of analytical cases:
- ${\color{red} f iny }$ **Percentage** of enrolled over analytical cases:
- Categories of enrolled/registered patients:
- OR Date reported to the cancer committee:
- Current open trials:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

Standard 1.10: Clinical Educational Annual Activity

- Annual cancer related education event date:
- Required objectives:
- Time:
- Cocations:
- ∨ideo conferencing:
- Resenters:
- Other agenda items:
- Areas required to be presented: AJCC staging, prognostic indicators and evidence based treatment guidelines
- Attendance totals:
- Required to attend from each facility to count; at least one of: Physician, nurse and other allied health professional

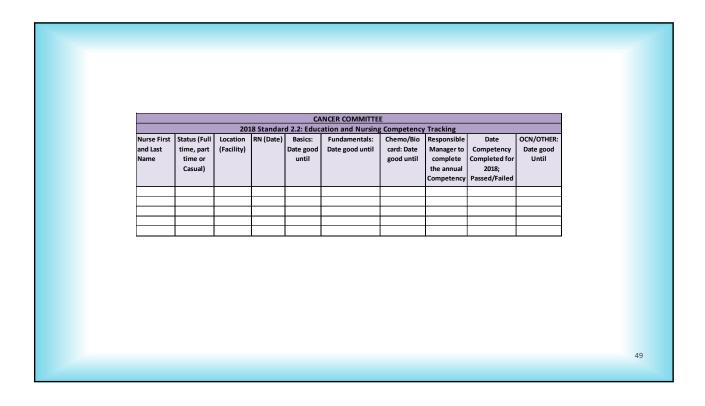
Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

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Standard 2.2: Oncology Nursing Care Education and Competency



- Annual nursing competency topics covered:
- Annual competency passed/fail summary:
- Rollow up from any issues on the annual competencies:
- ${\it ca}$ Total number of nurses providing oncology care full/part time:
- ${\color{red} \bigcirc}$ Overall percentage of nurses certified for commendation:



Standard 3.1: Patient Navigation Documentation Date of community needs assessment: Barrier of care taken from the community needs assessment: Date CNA was reviewed and discussed by the cancer committee: Activities and outcomes of navigation of barrier to care: Areas for improvement and enhancement: Future directions: Overall summary: Date the cancer committee evaluated the patient navigation process: May address the same barrier for more than 1 year as determined by the cancer committee

Standard 3.2: Psychosocial Distress Screening Timing of screening: Staff responsible for completing: Method of screening & tools used for screening: Assessment and referral process: Methods used to monitor and evaluate the distress screening activities: Infusion Center Mumber of newly diagnosed cancer cases: Mumber of patients seen by nurse navigator: Number of patients screened: Mumber with a score >6 or =6: Percentage with distress >6: Mumber referred to onsite psychosocial services: Comments: Services referred to: 51 Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards S Follow up care offered:

Standard 3.3: Survivorship Care Plan Updates Report Policies and procedure must be defined: Designed SCP leader: (SCP is Survivorship care plan) EPIC generated SCP: Methods of delivery for the SCP: Staff completing the SCP: Timing of delivery to the patients: Tracking and reporting SCP: Total number of eligible patients: ○ Overall percentage of completed SCP: Must be at 50% by December 2018 A sample SCP will be provided in the SAR Future plans to provide all cancer patients with a SCP: New long term requirement: must document the plan 52 Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

2018	ELIGIE	BLE SC	P LIST (I						 	_	EASED PT ed SCP by t			ST DCIS	ONLY PAT	TENTS)
Medical Record Number	Last			Primary	Best AJCC	Class	1st Course	Radiation Oncology Physician Last	Primary Surgeon- Last	Vital	Year Treatment completed	SCP	Date Care Plan	Given to	Who	MARKED IN METRIQ

Annual prevention program offered: Stidence based guidelines followed: Annual outreach summary report: How patients were screened: Follow up for any positive findings: Annual screening program offered: Sevaluate effectiveness of access and the referral process for prevention: How patients were screened: Follow up for any positive findings: Annual screening program offered: How many patients were screened: How many patients were screened: Annual outreach summary report: Follow up for any positive findings:

Standard 4.3, 4.4 & 4.5: CLP & CP3R Reporting



CLP Report

- CLP date appointed:
- CLP date term to be completed:
- CLP access to datalinks:
- CLP completed web based video:
- Reporting of RQRS 4 times a year:
- Reporting of the NCDB data 4 times a year:
- Benchmarking reporting:
- Survival reporting:
- CQIP reporting:
- Quality improvement set in place if any measures fall below the requirements:

To ensure that you meet the reporting requirements each quarter this is how we divide it up: CLP Quality reporting and analysis summary:

- Quarter 1 February meeting: CP3R, RQRS
- Quarter 2 May meeting: CP3R, RQRS, CQIP, tumor registry completeness /over use report
- Quarter 3 August meeting: CP3R, RQRS, benchmarking reports from the NCDB
- Quarter 4 November meeting: CP3R, RQRS, survival reports from the NCDB

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

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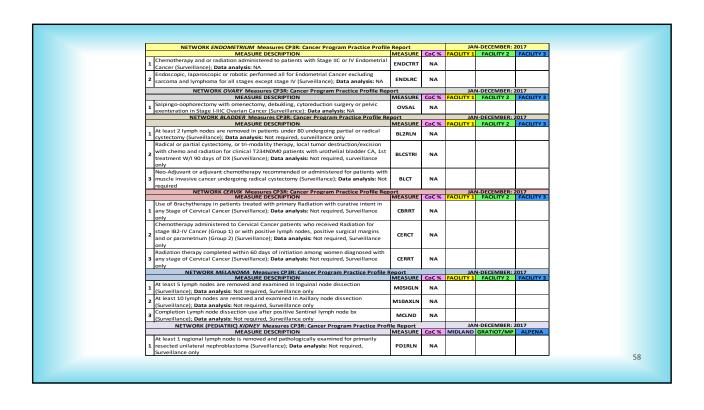
CP3R: Accountability and Surveillance Measures



- Estimated performance rates for accountability from the CP3R summary:
- Corrective action if needed for any measures not meeting:
- $\,\,$ Rectal measures presented by the rectal cancer program director 1 time per year
- Rhysician who reviewed data:
- Source Data: CP3R, RQRS, CQIP, benchmarking & survival reports
- Topic of Study: purpose of study:
- Data analysis:
- Roblem Identified:
- Recommendations:
- Recommendation from CQIP report:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

	NETWORK GASTRIC Measures CP3R: Cancer Program Practice Profile Re				I-DECEMBER: 2	
	MEASURE DESCRIPTION	MEASURE	CoC %	FACILITY 1	FACILITY 2	FACILITY 3
	At least 15 regional lymph nodes are removed and pathologically examined for resected	G15RLN	80%	Example:		
L	gastric cancer (QI); Data analysis: Need to fill in if meeting or not and why			4/4=100%		
L	NETWORK LUNG Measures CP3R: Cancer Program Practice Profile Rep				I-DECEMBER: 2	
L	MEASURE DESCRIPTION	MEASURE	CoC %	FACILITY 1	FACILITY 2	FACILITY 3
	At least 10 regional lymph nodes are removed and pathologically examine for AJCC stage					
- 13	IA, IB, IIA, IIB resected NSCLC (Surveillance); Data analysis: Not required, surveillance	10RLN	NA			
L	only					
1	Surgery is not the first course of treatment for cN2, M0 lung cases (QI); Data analysis:	LNoSurg	85%			
	Systemic chemotherapy is administered within 4 months to day preoperatively or day of					
3	surgery to 6 months postoperatively or it is considered for surgically resected cases with	LCT	85%			
L	pathologic lymph node pN1/pN2 NSCLC (QI); Data analysis:					
Ļ	NETWORK COLON Measures CP3R: Cancer Program Practice Profile Report				I-DECEMBER: 2	
L	MEASURE DESCRIPTION	MEASURE	CoC %	FACILITY 1	FACILITY 2	FACILITY 3
	Adjuvant chemotherapy is considered or administered within 4 months (120) days of					
- 13	diagnosis for patients under the age of 80 with AJCC Stage 3 lymph node positive colon	ACT	NA			
L	cancer (Accountability); Data analysis: Not required, surveillance only					
1:	At least 12 RLN are removed and pathologically examined for resected colon CA (QI);	12RLN	85%			
L	Data analysis:					
Ł	NETWORK RECTUM Measures CP3R: Cancer Program Practice Profile Report				I-DECEMBER: 2	
L	MEASURE DESCRIPTION	MEASURE	CoC %	FACILITY 1	FACILITY 2	FACILITY 3
	Pre-op chemo and radiation administered for Clinical AJCC T3N0, T4N0 OR STAGE III and					
1	radiation are admin within 180 days of dx for clinical AJCC T1-2N0 with Path AJCC T3N0,	RECRTCT	85%			
	T4NO or Stage 3 or Treatment is considered for pts under age of 80 receiving resection					
H	for rectal cancer (QI); Data analysis:				I-DECEMBER: 2	
H	NETWORK BREAST Measures CP3R: Cancer Program Practice Profile Report MEASURE DESCRIPTION	MEASURE	CoC %	FACILITY 1	FACILITY 2	
H	Breast conservation surgery rate for women with AJCC clinical Stage 0, 1 or 2	IVIEASURE	COC %	FACILITY 1	FACILITY 2	FACILITY 3
:	(Surveillance); Data analysis: Not required, surveillance only	BCS	NA			
ŀ	Image of palpitation guided needle core or FNA o the primary site is performed to	-	-		+	-
- 2	establish a diagnosis of breast cancer (Quality Improvement); Data Analysis:	nBx	80%			
ŀ	Tamoxifen or third generation aromatase inhibitor is considered or administered W/I 1		1			
١.	year (365) days of diagnosis of breast cancer with AJCC T1c or stage 1b-3 Hormone	нт	90%			
1	receptor positive breast cancer (Accountability); Data analysis:		90%			
- 1-	Radiation therapy is considered or administered following a mastectomy W/I 1 year (365)		1			
	days of diagnosis of breast cancer for women with >or=4 positive regional nodes	MASTRT	90%			
١.		WASTRI	30%			
4	(Accountability): Data analysis:					
4	(Accountability); Data analysis:					
	Radiation is administered within 1 year (365) days of diagnosis for women under the age	DCSDT	90%			
	Radiation is administered within 1 year (365) days of diagnosis for women under the age of 70 receiving breast conservation surgery for breast cancer (Accountability); Data	BCSRT	90%			
	Radiation is administered within 1 year (365) days of diagnosis for women under the age of 70 receiving breast conservation surgery for breast cancer (Accountability); Data analysis:	BCSRT	90%			
:	Radiation is administered within 1 year (365) days of diagnosis for women under the age of 70 receiving breast conservation surgery for breast cancer (Accountability); Data analysis: Combination chemotherapy is considered or administered within 4 months (120) days of					
:	Radiation is administered within 1 year (365) days of diagnosis for women under the age of 70 receiving breast conservation surgery for breast cancer (Accountability); Data analysis:	BCSRT	90% NA			



Standard 4.6: Compliance with NCCN Guidelines



- cancer site specific sample: (must review all cases for that site):
- Reason site chosen (could be based on need and/or cases not generally presented at cancer conference):
- Determination that the first course therapy is concordant with the evidence based national treatment guidelines and or prognostic factors:
- Reporting format:
- Review of AJCC staging or the appropriate staging:
- Summaries:
- ${\color{red} \bigcirc}$ Discussion for recommendations for quality improvement:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

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Standard 4.7: Studies of Quality



Example: Study of Quality #1:

- Facility cancer program that study applies to:
- □ Department study applies to:
- Clinical staff responsible for study:
- Date quality improvement or study of quality was discussed with the cancer committee:
- ${\it o}$ Define the study methodology and criteria for evaluation:
- $\ \ \,$ Conduct the study according to the identified measure and methodology:
- Repare a summary of the study findings:
- compare data results with national benchmarks or guidelines:
- Other references, national benchmarking and guidelines used in this study were:
- $\ \ \, \bigcirc$ Design a corrective action plan based on the evaluation of the data:
- Establish follow up steps to monitor the actions or implemented action plan:
- Quality Improvement implemented from this study of quality:
- Date quality improvement or study of quality was communicated to medical staff and administration:

Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards

Standard 5.2: RQRS



- Rectal Measures presented by the rectal cancer program director 1 time per year
- RQRS (Rapid Quality Control System) data is reviewed by the CLP 4 times a year at the network cancer committee meetings
- To meet this standard tumor registry must submit this data to the NCDB every month
- Patient cases are abstracted and submitted to the NCDB within a 3 month time frame:
- For commendation the data must be submitted to the NCDB exactly 90 days from the date of first
- Compliance for facility 1 (2017-25%, 2018-50%, 2019-75%):
- Compliance for facility 2 (2017-25%, 2018-50%, 2019-75%):
- Compliance for facility 3 (2017-25%, 2018-50%, 2019-75%):
- Source data: CP3R, RQRS, CQIP, benchmarking and survival
- Topic of study:
- Purpose of study:
- Data analysis:
- Problem identified:
- RQRS recommendations:

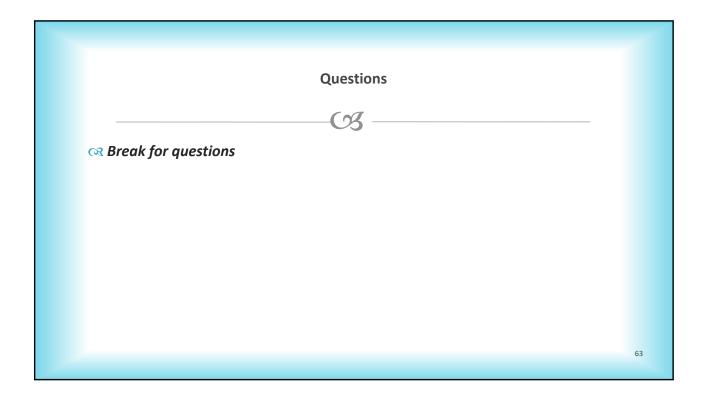
 ${\it Referenced from the Commission on Cancer Program Standards}$

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Abstracting Tips



- Once you have reviewed the case, begin entering your info in the notepad section of the abstract. Once the notepad is complete you will have all the data necessary to fill in the rest of the abstract
- Physical exam Co3
- C3 Imaging
- Scopes
- Labs
- Operative
- Pathology C3 Primary site C3
- Histology
- Staging Surgery
- Co3 Radiation
- Chemotherapy
- Hormone treatment
- Immunotherapy
- Other treatment
- Text remarks
- Place of diagnosis CS.
- Co3 Occupation
- Industry



Case Finding Case finding resources (Not in EPIC) We have monthly work lists that I create and are assigned to each CTR and below are some of the reports that we use. These are saved on a shared drive so everyone can access and update as needed. Readiation log (ARIA-Radiation Oncology software) We get a list of each patient right in ARIA once they are done with radiation and we can do case finding from these lists for each facility. We also get a Readiation (Readiation) of the complete of the complete

EPIC Reports



- EPIC staging log: Any time a patient is staged in EPIC we get an InBasket message with that patient's name and staging information. We can then check to see if these cases are reportable and add the staging information.
- Head and brain imaging: This a monthly report that we have set up to pull the final diagnosis text so we can review for any clinically diagnosed brain conditions.
- Distress screening scores: Anytime a distress score is completed anywhere in our health system in EPIC this comes to an InBasket and we are able to add those to each patient's abstract. This is not required by the standard to track in the abstract but we can then run a report to see which scores are missing and then inform the social workers to complete.

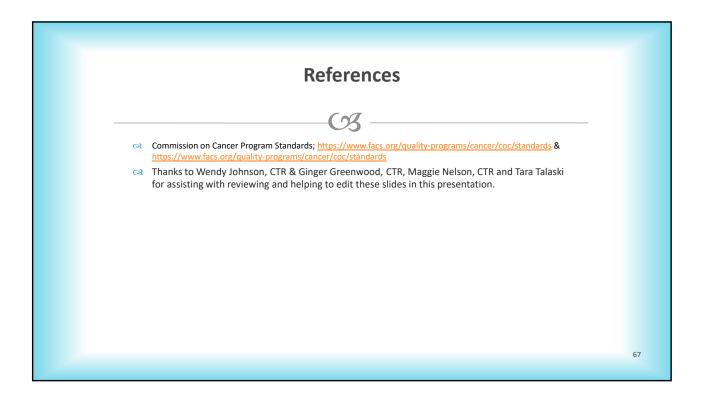
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EPIC Reports



- Master disease index report: This is a monthly report in EPIC we had set up to include patients who fall within the reportable conditions lists from the standard setters. The report is also formatted in Excel to meet the state's expectations. When audited, this report will have what is needed.
- Infusion center/chemo patients: We can run a report in "EPIC called Patients with a new treatment plan" monthly and this will give us all new patients to do case finding from.
- All cancer patients by Stage and site
- Completed survivorship care plans: Included the date completed it, who completed it and the date provided to the patient
- New reports we are working on: Tracking palliative care and hospice referrals

Thanks to our awesome EPIC analysts!!





COMING UP....

- Multiple Primary and Histology Coding Rules
 - 08/02/2018
- Coding Pitfalls
 - 09/06/2018

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CE CERTIFICATE QUIZ/SURVEY

- Phrase
- Link

https://www.surveygizmo.com/s3/4462658/Managing-Change-with-Tracking-Tools

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